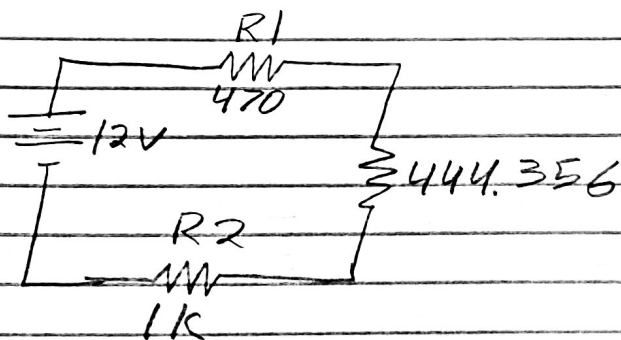


$$R_T = [(330 + 330) \parallel (680 + 680)] + 470 + 1k = 1.914k \Omega$$

$$I_s = \frac{V_1}{R_T} = \frac{12V}{1.914k} = 6.270mA$$



$$V_{R1} = 12V \left(\frac{R_1}{R_T} \right) = 2.947V$$

$$V_{R2} = 12V \left(\frac{R_2}{R_T} \right) = 6.270V$$

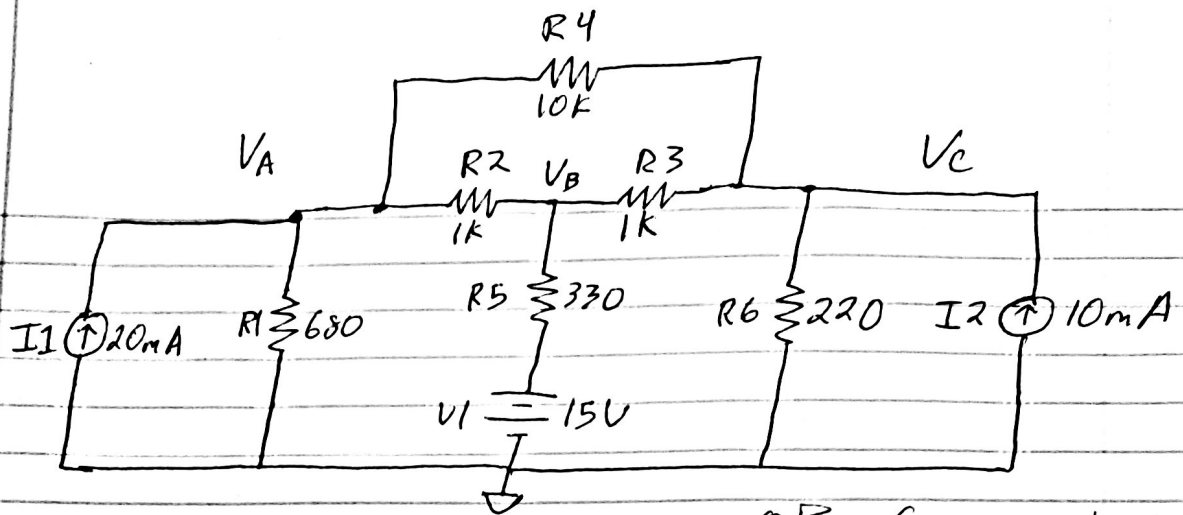
$$I_1 = I_s \left(\frac{444.356}{660} \right) = 4.221mA \quad I_{R3} = 4.221mA$$

$$V_{R4} = R_4 \cdot I_1 = 1.393V$$

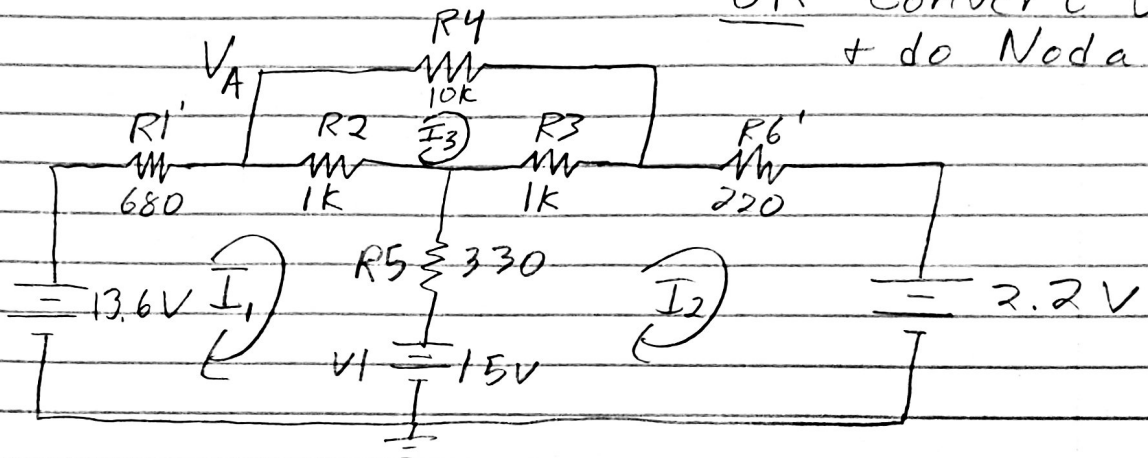
$$I_2 = I_s - I_1 = 2.049mA$$

$$I_{R6} = 2.049mA$$

2.



OR Convert V_1
+ do Nodal



Loop 1:

$$13.6V - 680I_1 - 1kI_1 + 1kI_3 - 330I_1 + 330I_2 - 15V = 0$$

$$I_1(-680 - 1k - 330) + I_2(330) + I_3(1k) = 1.4$$

Loop 2:

$$15V - 330I_2 + 330I_1 - 1kI_2 + 1kI_3 - 220I_2 - 2.2V = 0$$

$$I_1(330) + I_2(-330 - 1k - 220) + I_3(1k) = -12.8$$

Loop 3:

$$-1kI_3 + 1kI_1 - 10kI_3 - 1kI_3 + 1kI_2 = 0$$

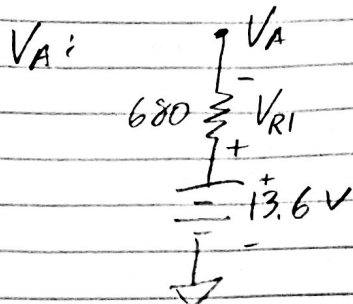
$$I_1(1k) + I_2(1k) + I_3(-1k - 10k - 1k) = 0$$

Equation Solver \rightarrow

$$I_1 = 1.219 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_2 = 9.071 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_3 = 857.523 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$$

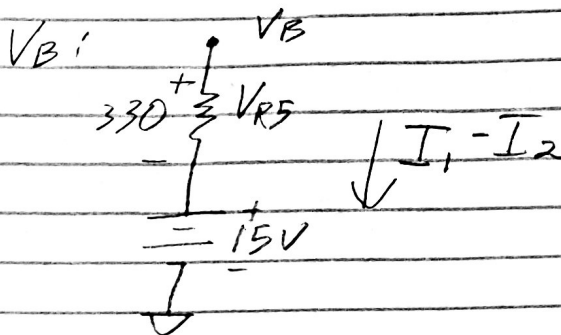


$$V_{R1} = 1.219 \text{ mA} \cdot 680$$

$$= 828.920 \text{ mV}$$

$$V_A = 13.6 \text{ V} - V_{R1}$$

$$= 12.771 \text{ V}$$

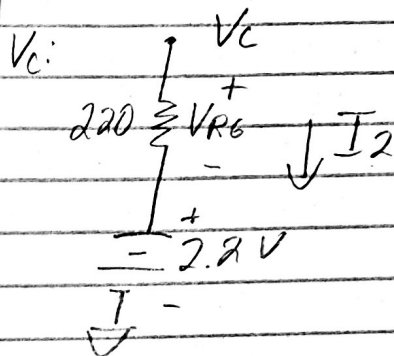


$$V_{R5} = -7.852 \text{ mA} \cdot 330$$

$$= -2.591 \text{ V}$$

$$V_B = 15 \text{ V} + V_{R5}$$

$$= 12.409 \text{ V}$$



$$V_{R6} = 9.071 \text{ mA} \cdot 220$$

$$= 1.996 \text{ V}$$

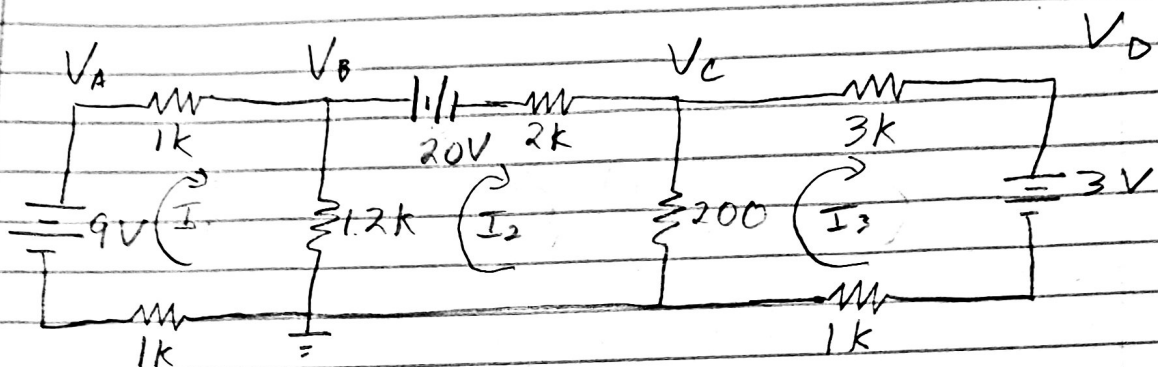
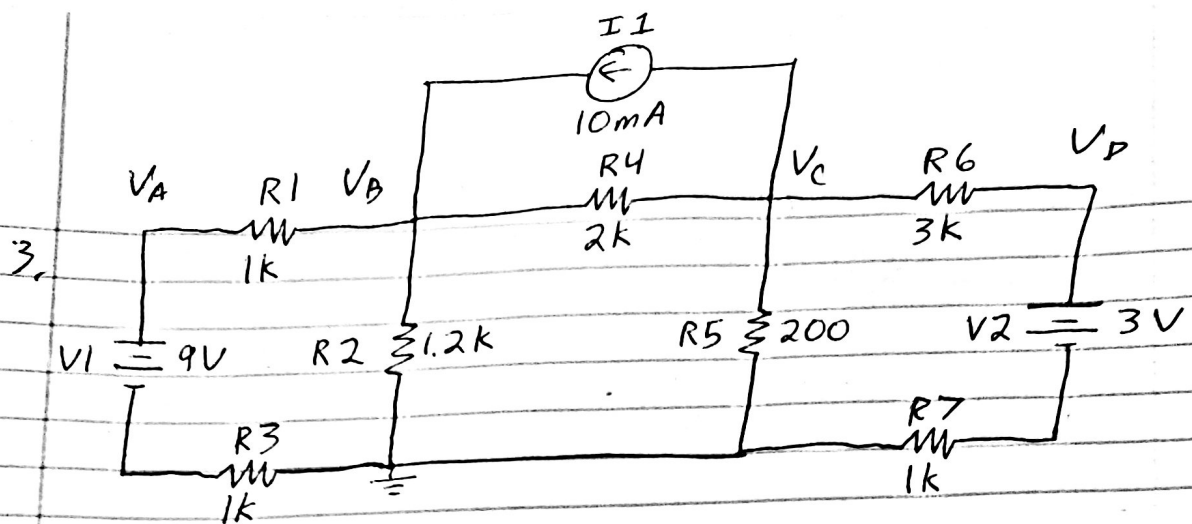
$$V_C = 2.2 \text{ V} + V_{R6}$$

$$= 4.196 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{V1} = I_2 - I_1 = 7.852 \text{ mA}$$

$$P_{V1} = V_1 \cdot I_{V1} = 117.780 \text{ mW}$$

$$I_{R4} = 857.523 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$$



Loop 1:

$$9V - 1kI_1 - 1.2kI_1 + 1.2kI_2 - 1kI_1$$

$$I_1(-1k - 1.2k - 1k) + I_2(1.2k) + I_3(0) = -9$$

Loop 2:

$$-1.2kI_2 + 1.2kI_1 - 20V - 2kI_2 - 200I_2 + 200I_3 = 0$$

$$I_1(1.2k) + I_2(-1.2k - 2k - 200) + I_3(200) = 20$$

Loop 3:

$$-200I_3 + 200I_2 - 3kI_3 - 3V - 1kI_3$$

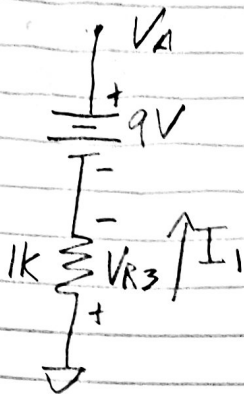
$$I_1(0) + I_2(200) + I_3(-200 - 3k - 1k) = 3$$

Equation Solver \rightarrow

$$I_1 = 674.089 \mu A$$

$$I_2 = -5.702 mA$$

$$I_3 = -985.830 \mu A$$

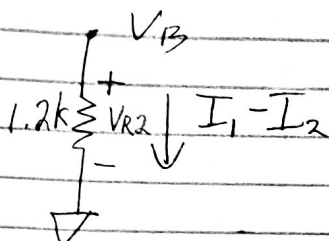


$$V_{R3} = I_1 \cdot R_3$$

$$= 674,089 \text{ mV}$$

$$V_A = 9V - V_{R3}$$

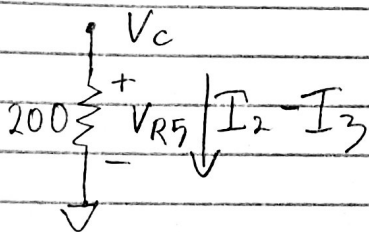
$$= 8,326 \text{ V}$$



$$V_{R2} = (I_1 - I_2) R_2$$

$$= 7,651 \text{ V}$$

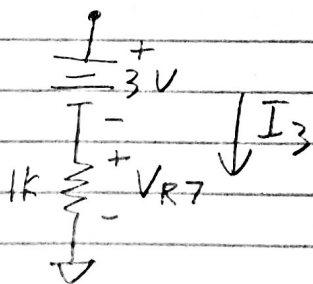
$$V_B = 7,651 \text{ V}$$



$$V_{R5} = (I_2 - I_3) R_5$$

$$= -943,234 \text{ mV}$$

$$V_C = -943,234 \text{ mV}$$

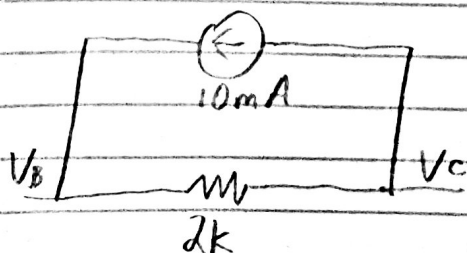


$$V_{R7} = I_3 \cdot R_7$$

$$= -985,83 \text{ mV}$$

$$V_D = 3V + V_{R7}$$

$$= 2,014 \text{ V}$$

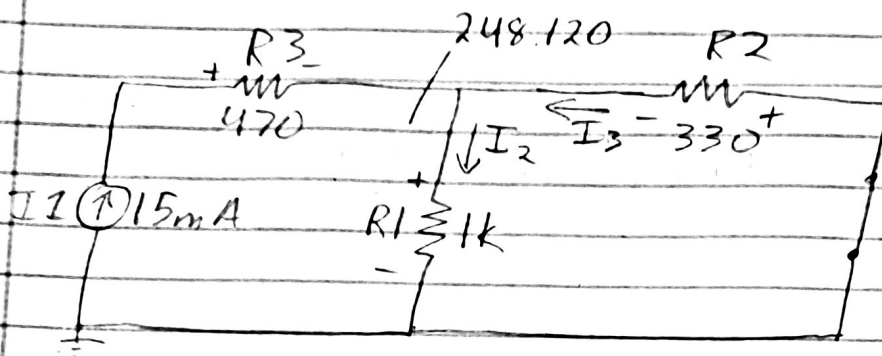
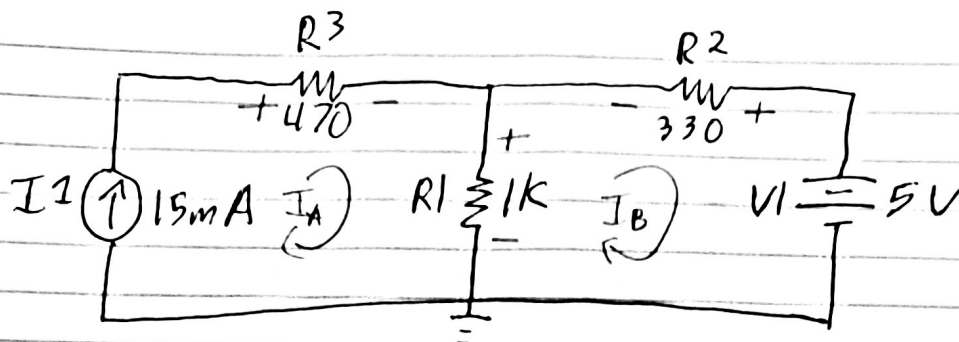


$$V_{11} = V_C - V_B = -8,637 \text{ V}$$

$$P_{I1} = 8,637 \text{ V} \cdot 10 \text{ mA}$$

$$= 86,37 \text{ mW}$$

4.

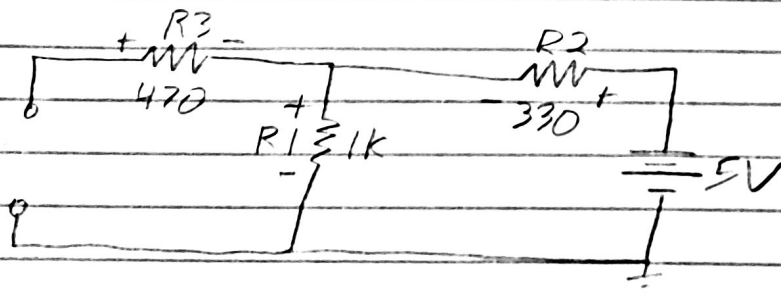


$$V_{R3}' = R3 \cdot I1 = 7.05 V$$

$$I_2 = I1 \cdot \frac{248.12 \Omega}{1k} = 3.722 mA \quad I_3 = -11.278 mA$$

$$V_{R1}' = R1 \cdot I_2 = 3.722 V$$

$$V_{R2}' = R2 \cdot I_3 = -3.722 V$$



$$V_{R2}'' = 5V \cdot \frac{330 \Omega}{1.330 k \Omega} = 1.241 V$$

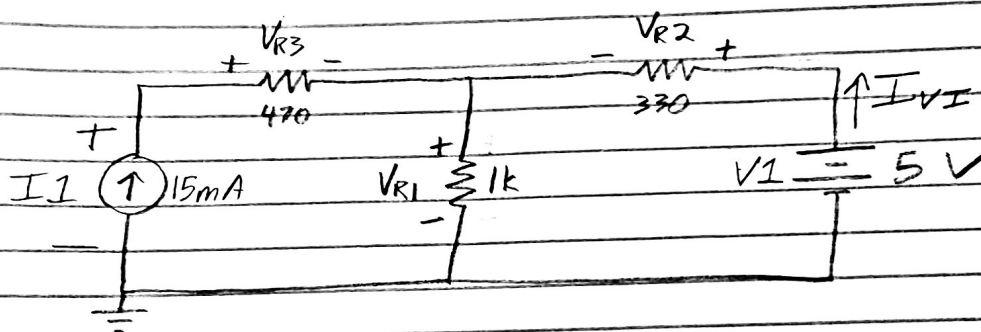
$$V_{R1}'' = 5V \cdot \frac{1k \Omega}{1.33k \Omega} = 3.759 V$$

$$V_{R3}'' = 0 V$$

$$V_{R1} = V_{R1}' + V_{R1}'' = 3.722 + 3.759 \\ = 7.481$$

$$V_{R2} = V_{R2}' + V_{R2}'' = -3.722 + 1.241 \\ = -2.481V$$

$$V_{R3} = V_{R3}' + V_{R3}'' = 7.05V + 0V \\ = 7.05V$$



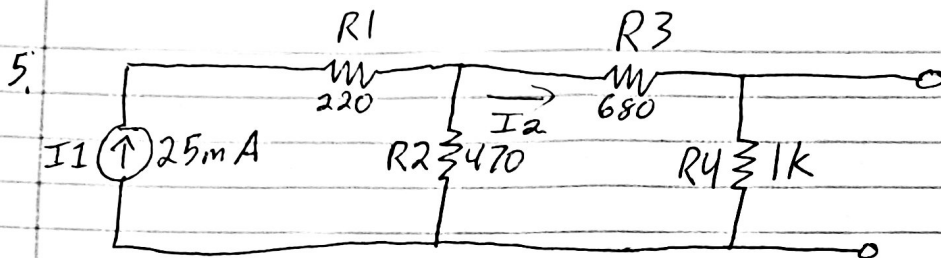
$$I_{V1} = I_{R2} = \frac{V_{R2}}{R_2} = -7.518mA$$

$$P_{V1} = 5V \cdot 7.518mA = 37.59mW \text{ Absorbed}$$

$$V_{I1} - V_{R3} - V_{R1} = 0$$

$$V_{I1} = 14.531V$$

$$P_{I1} = 14.531V \cdot 15mA = 217.965mW \\ \text{Supplied}$$

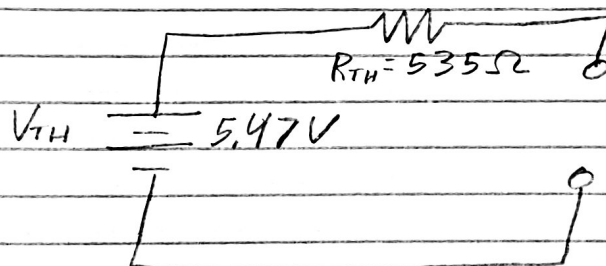


$$R_{TH} = (470 + 680) \parallel 1k = 534.884 \Omega$$

$$I_2 = I_1 \cdot \frac{(680 + 1k) \parallel 470}{680 + 1k}$$

$$= 25mA \cdot \frac{367.256 \Omega}{1.680 k} = 5.465 mA$$

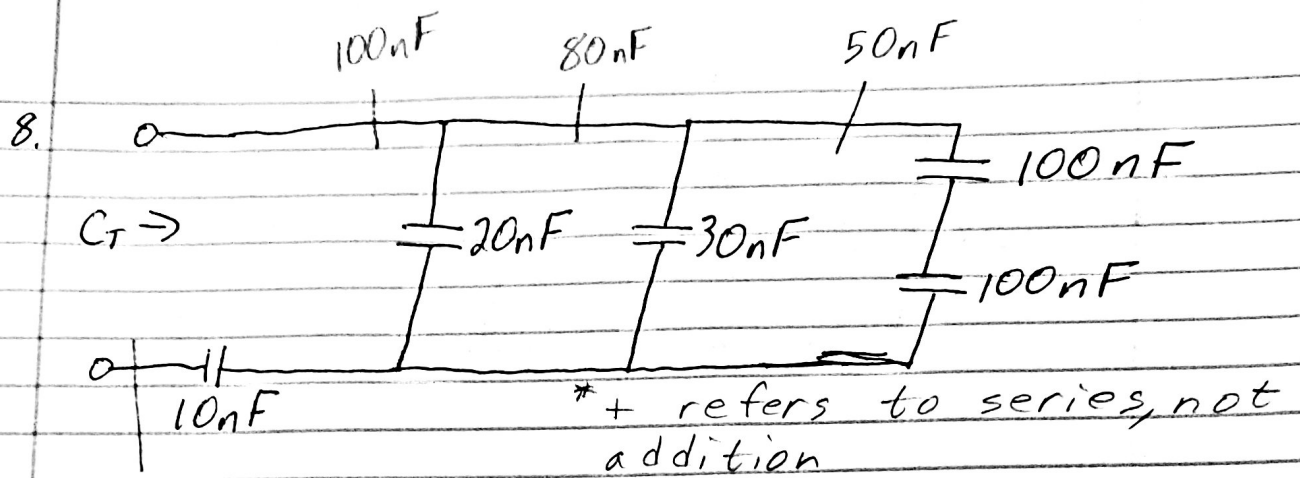
$$V_{TH} = V_{R4} = 1k \cdot 5.465 mA = 5.465$$



6. $\frac{\text{Output}}{\text{Input}} = \text{Efficiency}$

$$\frac{100W}{P_{in}} = .85 \quad P_{in} = 117.647W$$

7. $.7 \times .6 \times .9 = 37.8 \%$

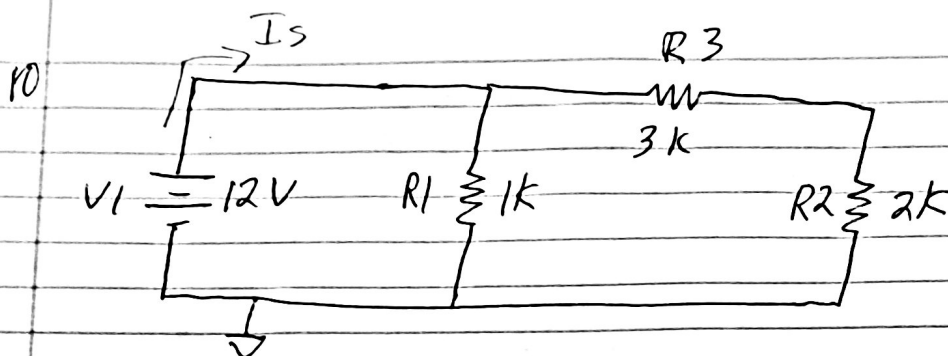


$$100\text{nF} + 100\text{nF} = 50\text{nF}$$

$$50\text{nF} // 30\text{nF} // 20\text{nF} = 100\text{nF}$$

$$100\text{nF} + 10\text{nF} = 110\text{nF}$$

9. $V = \frac{Q}{C} = \frac{35\text{nC}}{110\text{nF}} = 3.18\text{V}$



$$P_{R1} = \frac{12V^2}{1k} = 144mW$$

$$V_{R2} = 12V \cdot \frac{2k}{5k} = 4.8V$$

$$V_{R3} = 7.2V$$

$$P_{R2} = \frac{4.8V^2}{2k} = 11.52mW$$

$$P_{R3} = \frac{7.2V^2}{3k} = 17.28mW$$

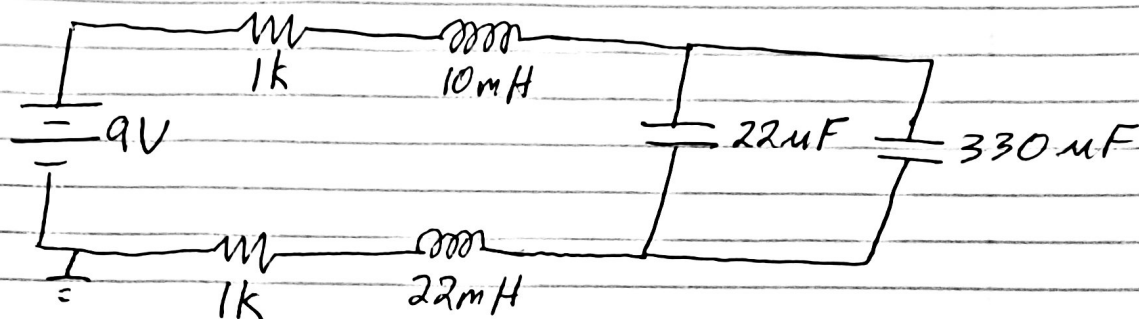
$$11. I_s = \frac{12V}{5k // 1k} = 14.4mA$$

$$P = VI = 12 \cdot 14.4mA = 172.8mW$$

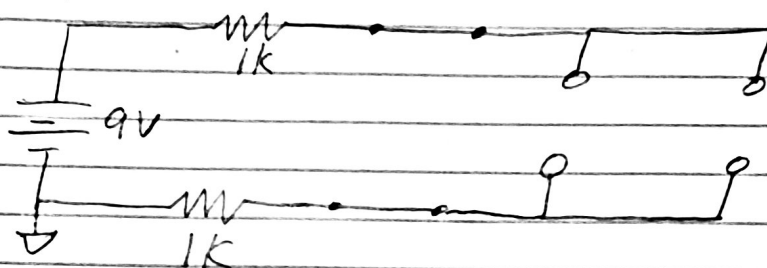
c) 173 mW Supplied

d) -173 mW Absorbed

12

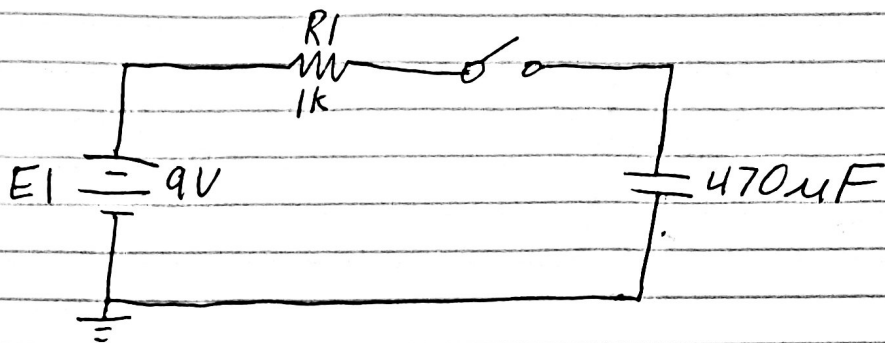


Steady State:



$$\begin{aligned}
 V_{C1} &= 9V \\
 I_{L1} &= 0A \\
 V_{L2} &= 0V \\
 I_S &= 0A
 \end{aligned}$$

13.



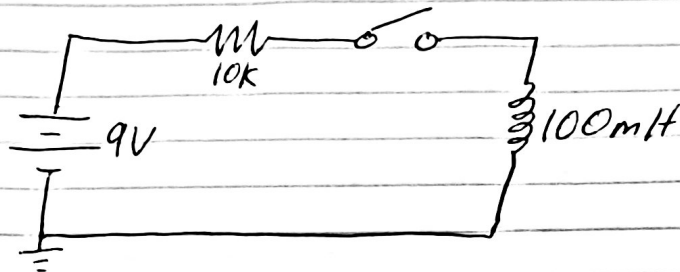
$$\tau = RC = 1k \cdot 470\mu F = 470ms$$

14 5τ : 99.3% of voltage

$$9V \cdot .993 = 8.937V$$

15. Infinity

16.

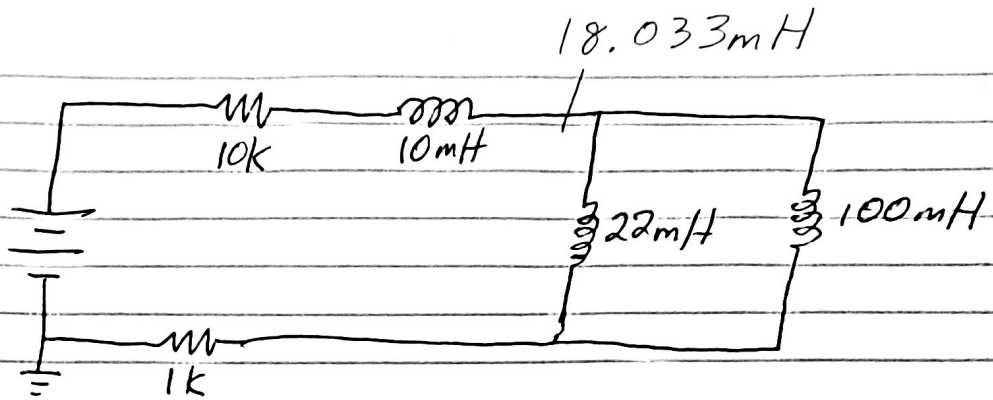


$$\tau = L/R = \frac{100\text{mH}}{10\text{k}} = 10\mu\text{s}$$

$$17. i_L(t) = \frac{9\text{V}}{10\text{k}\Omega} (1 - e^{-t/10\mu\text{s}}) \text{ A}$$

18 Spark

19.



$$L_T = (22\text{mH} // 100\text{mH}) + 10\text{mH} = 28.033\text{mH}$$

20. $R_T = 10\text{k} + 1\text{k} = 11\text{k}\Omega$

21. b) 18 AWG