

Skyler MacDougall

Homework 2: Due 1/29/2020

1. Given an op amp with the following characteristics:

$$A_O = 80k \quad (1)$$

$$r_d = 400k\Omega$$

$$r_o = 50\Omega$$

$$R_i = 3k\Omega$$

$$R_f = 47k\Omega$$

1. Find the feedback factor

$$\beta = \frac{R_i}{R_i + R_f} = \frac{3}{50} = 0.06 \quad (2)$$

2. loop gain (A_{CL})

$$A_{CL} \approx \frac{1}{\beta} = 16.\bar{6} \quad (3)$$

3. exact closed loop gain (A_{CL})

$$A_{CL} = \frac{A_O}{1 + A_O\beta} = \frac{80k}{1 + (80k)(0.06)} \quad (4)$$
$$\underline{|A_{CL} = 16.663|}$$

4. Closed loop input resistance (Z_i)

$$Z_i = (1 + A_O\beta)r_d = (1 + (80k)(0.06))(400k\Omega) \quad (5)$$
$$\underline{|Z_i = 2G\Omega|}$$

5. output resistance (Z_o)

$$Z_o = \frac{r_o}{1 + A_O\beta} = \frac{50}{1 + (80k)(0.06)} \quad (6)$$
$$\underline{|Z_o = 10m\Omega|}$$

6. Compare with question 3-8

The gain changes are comparable.

3. Repeat question 1(a-e) with the following changes:

$$R_i = \cancel{3k\Omega} = 30k\Omega \quad (7)$$

$$R_f = \cancel{47k\Omega} = 270k\Omega$$

1. Find the feedback factor

$$\beta = \frac{R_i}{R_i + R_f} = \frac{1}{10} = 0.1 \quad (8)$$

2. loop gain (A_{CL})

$$A_{CL} \approx \frac{1}{\beta} = 10 \quad (9)$$

3. exact closed loop gain (A_{CL})

$$A_{CL} = \frac{A_O}{1 + A_O\beta} = \frac{80k}{1 + (80k)(0.1)} \quad (10)$$

$$\underline{|A_{CL} = 9.99875|}$$

4. Closed loop input resistance (Z_i)

$$Z_i = (1 + A_O\beta)r_d = (1 + (80k)(0.1))(400k\Omega) \quad (11)$$

$$\underline{|Z_i \approx 3G\Omega|}$$

5. output resistance (Z_o)

$$Z_o = \frac{r_o}{1 + A_O\beta} = \frac{50}{1 + (80k)(0.1)} \quad (12)$$

$$\underline{|Z_o = 6m\Omega|}$$

5. Find A_{CL} given

$$\begin{aligned} R_i &= 1k\Omega \\ R_f &= 99k\Omega \end{aligned} \quad (13)$$

1. $A_O = \infty$

$$\beta = \frac{1}{100} \quad (14)$$

$$A_{CL} = \frac{A_O}{1 + A_O\beta}; A_O \gg 0$$

$$A_{CL} = \frac{1}{\beta}$$

$$\underline{|A_{CL} = 100|}$$

2. $A_O = 10^5$

$$A_{CL} = \frac{10^5}{1 + (10^5)(\frac{1}{100})} \quad (15)$$

$$\underline{|A_{CL} = 99.900099|}$$

3. $A_O = 10^4$

$$A_{CL} = \frac{10^4}{1 + (10^4)(\frac{1}{100})} \quad (16)$$

$$\underline{|A_{CL} = 99.0099|}$$

4. $A_O = 10^3$

$$A_{CL} = \frac{10^3}{1 + (10^3)(\frac{1}{100})} \quad (17)$$

$$\underline{|A_{CL} = 90.90|}$$

5. $A_O = 10^2$

$$A_{CL} = \frac{10^2}{1 + (10^2)(\frac{1}{100})} \quad (18)$$

$$\underline{|A_{CL} = 50|}$$

7. Find A_{CL} given

$$\begin{aligned} R_i &= 10k\Omega \\ R_f &= 510k\Omega \end{aligned} \tag{19}$$

$$1. A_O = \infty$$

$$\beta = \frac{1}{52} \tag{20}$$

$$A_{CL} = \frac{A_O}{1 + A_O\beta}; A_O \gg 0$$

$$A_{CL} = \frac{1}{\beta}$$

$$\underline{|A_{CL} = 52|}$$

$$2. A_O = 10^5$$

$$A_{CL} = \frac{10^5}{1 + (10^5)(\frac{1}{52})} \tag{21}$$

$$\underline{|A_{CL} = 51.97|}$$

$$3. A_O = 10^4$$

$$A_{CL} = \frac{10^4}{1 + (10^4)(\frac{1}{52})} \tag{22}$$

$$\underline{|A_{CL} = 51.73|}$$

$$4. A_O = 10^3$$

$$A_{CL} = \frac{10^3}{1 + (10^3)(\frac{1}{52})} \tag{23}$$

$$\underline{|A_{CL} = 49.50|}$$

$$5. A_O = 10^2$$

$$A_{CL} = \frac{10^2}{1 + (10^2)(\frac{1}{52})} \tag{24}$$

$$\underline{|A_{CL} = 34.11|}$$